NIFITS: building a new data standard to enable the rise of nulling interferometry

Romain Laugier (KU Leuven), Marc-Antoine Martinod (KU Leuven), Jens Kammerer (ESO Garching), Felix Dannert (ETH Zurich), Philipp Huber (ETH Zurich)

Just as the extreme adaptive optics has enabled the effective use of coronagraphs to detect and characterize exoplanets, the advent of high-precision fringe tracking on our interferometric facilities is opening the door to high-contrast interferometry with nulling beam-combiners. Long-baseline nullers should prove complementary to visible and NIR coronagraphs in the characterization of exoplanets.

Although many nullers have already been commissioned on sky, their usage exploitation has so-far remained a niche practice. One reason for this is that nulling data does not fit in the perimeter of OIFITS standard, making the astrophysical interpretation difficult without the ad-hoc instrument model. The challenge is reinforced by the extreme diversity in the architectures, operating principles and collected observables of both existing and envisioned nullers, including Asgard/NOTT and the LIFE space mission.

With this presentation I will introduce our efforts to create a new data standard called NIFITS (Nulling Interferometry FITS) to fill this gap. To account for the diversity of present and future instruments, NIFITS encapsulates a complete description of the instrumental transfer function, allowing for a straightforward inference for the user to carry-out model fitting, spectra extraction or even image reconstruction.